

Al Khabeer Capital
Vision College - Jeddah
(Previously Al Farabi College)
Awal Al Malqa Real Estate Company

Jeddah City
June 2023



REF: 23-0424
Code:
Date: 30/06/2023
M/S: Awal Al Malqa Real Estate Company

Subject: Valuation Report for Vision College (Previously Al Farabi) in Jeddah City, Saudi Arabia.

Dear Sir,

With reference to your request and approval dated on 29th of May 2023. We will provide you with a detailed report on the property under evaluation, including a market analysis, an economic analysis, and a description of the valuation methods. In addition, we WHITE CUBES guarantee the confidentiality of the client's information and are committed to complete impartiality in the evaluation process and acknowledge that there are no common interests between WHITECUBES and the client.

WHITE CUBES Consulting Services Co.

Mr. Essam M. Al-Husaini – President

Fellow Member of the Saudi Authority of Accredited Valuers
License No. 1210000474
Issued: 01/08/1437 Exp: 24/08/1447
WHITE CUBES Co. Real Estate Valuation Membership No: 11000171

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

EXECUTIVE
SUMMARY

Executive Summary

Reference No.	
Dep. Code	
Report Type	Detailed Report.
Client	Awal Al Malqa Real Estate Company.
Report user	Awal Al Malqa Real Estate Company.
Other users	Investors or those wishing to invest in the Real Estate Investment Trust.
Purpose of Valuation	Inclusion in financial statements.
Subject Property	Educational Facility.
Property Location	Al Rayaah district, Jeddah City.
Title Deed No.	993788002766
Title Deed Date	23/04/1443
Ownership Type	Title deed-restricted
Limitations	Mortgaged to Al Rajhi Banking Investment Company.
Owner	Awal Al Malqa Real Estate Company.
Land Use	Educational
Land Area (Sqm)	The land has an area size of 3,020.18 Sqm
BUA (Sqm)	As per the provided construction permit, the total BUA is 15,375 Sqm.
GLA (Sqm)	Based on the leasing contract provided by the client, the subject property is fully leased to one tenant.
Basis of Value	Fair Value.
Value Hypothesis	Current use.
Valuation Approach	Comparable Approach, Cost Approach and Income Approach.
Currency	Saudi Arabian Riyal
Final Property Value	SAR 100,000,000
Report Date	30/06/2023
Valuation Date	30/06/2023
Inspection Date	11/06/2023
Expiry Date	120 days from date of the inspection, unless there're any economic changes that affect the subject property.



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SCOPE OF WORK

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WORK

Scope of Work

1.1 Introduction

This report was prepared by WHITE CUBES Co. based on the International Valuation Standards of the Council of International Assessment Standards (IVSC 2022) and the Guide to Practice and Regulations issued by the Saudi Authority of Accredited Valuers (Taqeem), to ensure accurate access to information, the evaluation report must be read in its entirety, our firm is pleased to offer its services to Awal Al Malqa Real Estate Company in order to estimate the fair value of the property that is being evaluated.

1.2 Purpose of valuation

The client requested that we evaluate the subject properties for **inclusion in the financial statements**.

1.3 Basis of Valuation

According to Paragraph 1.2, the appropriate basis for value adopted in the evaluation process is the fair value of the property.

IFRS 13 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. It is based on the principle of an "exit price,"

1.4 Valuation Methods

Depending on the purpose of the valuation, and upon the request of the client, we will apply the comparable approach, cost approach and income approach.

1.5 Currency

Unless otherwise stated, all values in the report are in Saudi Arabian Riyals.

1.6 Scope of Research

Research is an important part of the valuation process. We will conduct extensive research and analysis of various factors that can impact the value of a property or asset, such as market conditions, comparable sales, property characteristics, income potential, and legal and regulatory factors.

1.7 Property Inspection

Inspection refers to visiting and inspecting an asset, testing its performance, and gathering information about it from quantities, specifications, land area, building areas, rental areas, services, public utilities, project components, etc., so that an opinion can be expressed regarding its value. Therefore, we confirm that subject property was inspected on June 11, 2023. We will then use this evidence to assess and evaluate the project. We remain committed to providing the client with an accurate and reliable valuation.

1.8 Information Sources

An on-site field survey was conducted by our team to ensure the accuracy of some market information required for the valuation, including nearby asset prices, occupancy rates, and specific information about the asset under valuation, to determine its actual fair value. The following sources were used during the field research process:

- Property records: In the absence of property ownership documents, the client has provided us with some information about the assets.
- Market trends: Real estate market trends and economic indicators can be used to assess the overall demand and supply for properties in the area.
- Income analysis: Income-producing properties such as rental properties can be valued based on their income potential.
- Personal inspection: A physical inspection of the property can provide valuable information on its condition and any unique features that may affect its value.

1.9 Assumptions and Special Assumptions

As defined by the International Valuation Standards, assumptions are logical matters that can be accepted as facts during valuation work without being specifically checked or scrutinized. They are accepted as soon as they are mentioned. Based on the facts at the time of the valuation.

- It has been assumed that the information provided by the client is accurate, but we were not provided with the ownership documents for the asset.
- Assumed that all information received from the client is accurate and up to date as of the date of the valuation, whether oral or written.
- This is a valuation report rather than a structural survey. As a result, we did not conduct any utility checks, service checks, soil tests, etc.
- The valuation methodologies are based on market data compiled using our relevant market knowledge and experience.
- This report's output (final value) is derived from assumptions used, documents received from the client, and market data. Nevertheless, the output estimates provide an indication of the property's value.
- After studying the market and using the built-up model, a discount rate of 7.5% was assumed for the project.

1.10 Use, Distribution, and Publication Restrictions

To estimate the fair value of the assets being evaluated, WHITE CUBES Co. has prepared this report. There are restrictions on the transfer, referencing, and presentation of this report and its contents to any other party except as stipulated in the contract letter, and the client must obtain our prior written consent in order to use this report for any other purpose other than that stated in this report.

1.11 Legal Notes

As far as we are aware, no legal notices have been served on the property, whether they are in progress or pending in the court system.



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PROPERTY DETAILS

PROPERTY
DETAILS

Property and Location Description

2.1 Property Description

The subject property is Vision College (Previously Al Farabi) educational facility in Al Rayaan district, Jeddah city. Based on the provided copy of the title deed and the construction permit, the property has a total land area of 3,020.18 Sqm, total BUA of 15,375 Sqm. Composed of 13 floors. As per the site inspection done by our team, the property is open from 1 side. With directed view on Al Rahmaniya Road from the west side.

2.2 Surrounding Area

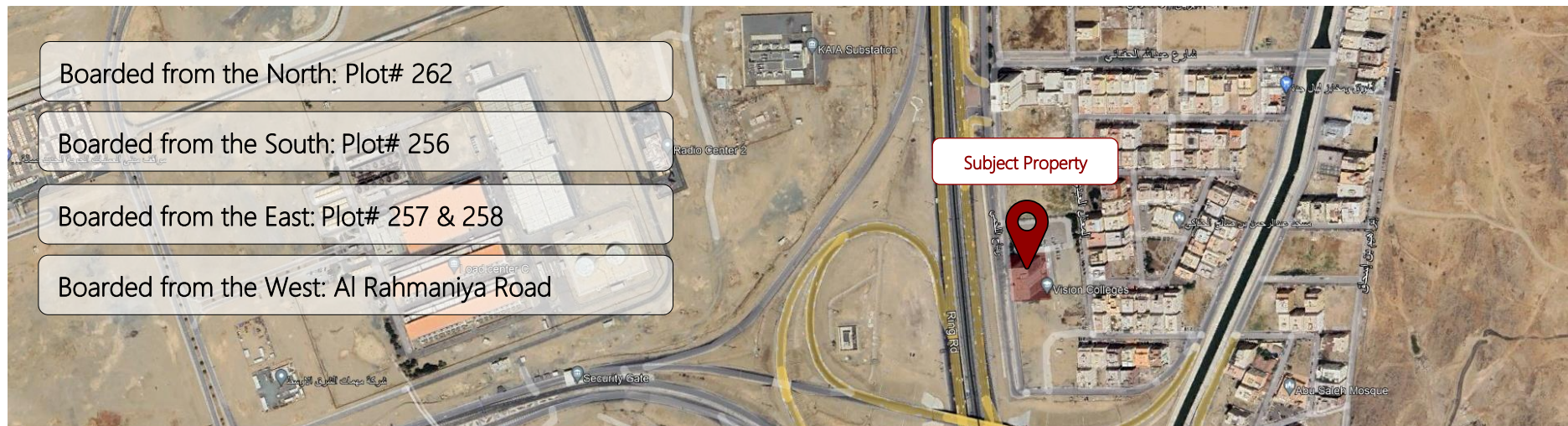
The subject property is surrounded mostly by several residential buildings and vacant lands.

2.3 Ease of Access

Based on the current location of the subject property, the access level is Medium since it is located on Al Rahmaniya Road.

2.4 Infrastructure

All the infrastructural facilities are available in the surroundings and connected to the subject property.



2.5 Title Deed and Ownership

The client provides us with a copy of the title deed related to the subject property which is owned by one title deed. The details of the subject property:

City	Jeddah	Land Area	3,020.18 Sqm
District	Al Raya'an	Plot No.	259
T.D Type	Electronic	Block No.	---
T.D Number	993788002766	Layout No.	416/ج/س
T.D Date	23/04/1443	Owner	Awal Al Malqa Real Estate Company
T.D Value	---	Ownership Type	Restricted
Date of Last Transaction	23/04/1443	Limitation of Document	Mortgaged
Issued From	Ministry of Justice		
North Side	Plot# 262	East Side	Plot# 257 & 258
South Side	Plot# 256	West Side	25 meters street

Note: The client has provided us with a copy of the Title Deed which was assumed to be correct and authentic. It is not in our scope to run legal diagnosis on any legal document.

2.6 Construction and Buildings

The building permit indicates the maximum permissible BUA approved by the city municipality. However, the actual area may differ from the area mentioned in the building permit. Therefore, the Client has provided us with a copy of the Construction Permit issued by Riyadh Municipality with the below details:

Subject Property	
Construction Permit Type	New Permit
Property Type	Educational Facility
Construction Permit No.	3748
Construction Permit Date	01/05/1430

Description	Area (sqm)	Use
Basement	5946.95	Parking
Service Floor	-	-
Ground Floor	920	Residential- Commercial- Parking
Mezzanine	780	Residential- Commercial
First Floor	1,025	Residential
Second Floor	1,025	Residential
Third Floor	1,025	Residential
Repeated Floor	8,200	Residential
Total BAU (sqm)	15,375	

2.7 Photographs of the Subject Property





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MARKET INDICATORS

MARKET
INDICATORS

Market Indicators

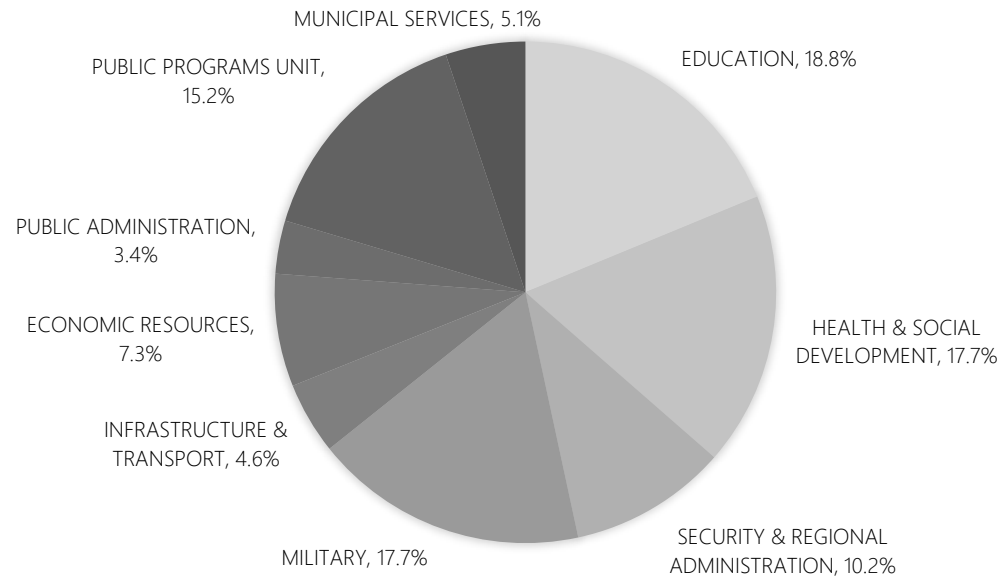
3.1 Saudi Arabia Economic Indicators

Economic Indicator	Budget	Expectations	Estimated	
	2022	2023	2024	2025
Total revenue	1,234	1,130	1,146	1,205
Total expenses	1,132	1,114	1,125	1,134
Budget surplus	102	16	21	71
Debt	985	951	959	962
GDP growth	8.5%	3.1%	5.7%	4.5%
Nominal gross domestic product	3,957	3,869	3,966	4,247
Inflation	2.6%	2.1%	2.1%	2.0%

3.2 Budget Allocation for 2022

Public Administration	37 SAR bn
Military	259 SAR bn
Security & Regional Adm.	105 SAR bn
Municipal Services	63 SAR bn
Education	189 SAR bn
Health & Social Dev.	189 SAR bn
Economic Resources	72 SAR bn
Infrastructure Transport	34 SAR bn
General Items	165 SAR bn

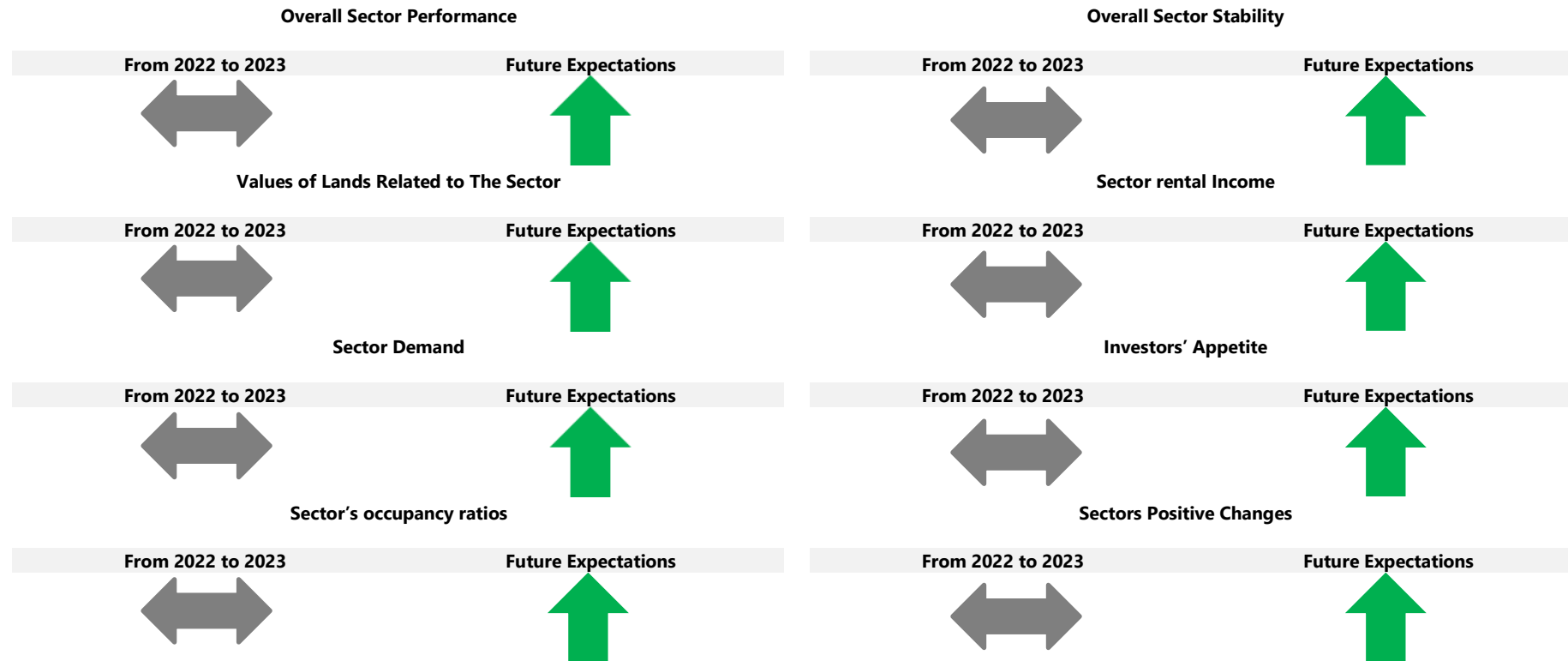
Source: Ministry of Finance



3.3 Sector Brief

In the following we will insert general information about the real estate sector related to the property subject of our valuation and which is intended to give an initial indication on the sector. These information and indicators are estimated based on our experience, the current sector performance and some other historical data collected from our side, In addition to some current economic changes in general.

-  Indicator showing a decrease in the current performance comparing to last year
-  Indicator showing an increase in the current performance comparing to last year
-  Indicator showing a stable position in the current performance comparing to last year



White Cubes Team's Analysis

3.4 Risk Analysis

- Sector Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-6	Minimal Risk (2) 7-12	Medium Risk (3) 13-18	Elevated Risk (4) 19-24	Very High Risk (5) 25-30
Overall, Economy	----	----	✓	----	----
Sector Current Performance	----	----	✓	----	----
Sector Future Performance	----	✓	----	----	----
Occupancy Rates	----	----	✓	----	----
Supply Rate	----	----	✓	----	----
Demand Rate	----	----	✓	----	----
Total Risk	0	2	15	0	0

Risk Category 17 Risk Points - Medium Risk

-Land Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-5	Minimal Risk (2) 6-10	Medium Risk (3) 11-15	Elevated Risk (4) 16-20	Very High Risk (5) 21-25
Access	----	✓	----	----	----
Location	----	✓	----	----	----
Land Shape	----	✓	----	----	----
Surrounding Area facilities	----	✓	----	----	----
Total Risk	0	8	0	0	0

Risk Category 8 Risk Points – Minimal Risk

-Property Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-3	Minimal Risk (2) 4-6	Medium Risk (3) 7-9	Elevated Risk (4) 10-12	Very High Risk (5) 13-15
Facilities & Amenities	----	----	✓	----	----
Management Skills	----	----	✓	----	----
Overall Condition	----	✓	----	----	----
Total Risk	0	2	6	0	0

Risk Category 8 Risk Points - Medium Risk



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PROPERTY VALUATION

PROPERTY
VALUATION

Property Valuation

4 Valuation Methods

With reference to the valuation purpose, taking into consideration the nature of the subject property, we will use the following ticked methods to estimate the fair value of the subject property:

	Market Approach	Cost Approach	Income Approach			
	Comparable method	DRC method	DCF method	Invest. method	Cap. Rate method	RLV method
Land	✓	----	----	----	----	----
Buildings	----	✓	----	----	----	----
Property	----	----	----	----	✓	----

CAPITALIZATION METHOD (CAP RATE)

The income approach values property by the amount of income that it can potentially generate. Hence, this method is used for apartments, office buildings, malls, and other property that generates a regular income.

The appraiser calculates the income according to the following steps:

- Estimate the potential annual gross income by doing market studies to determine what the property could earn, which may not be the same as what it is currently earning.
- The effective gross income is calculated by subtracting the vacancy rate and rent loss as estimated by the appraiser using market studies.
- The net operating income (NOI) is then calculated by subtracting the annual operating expenses from the effective gross income. Annual operating expenses include real estate taxes, insurance, utilities, maintenance, repairs, advertising, and management expenses. Management expenses are included even if the owner is going to manage it, since the owner incurs an opportunity cost by managing it herself. The cost of capital items is not included since it is not an operating expense. Hence, it does not include mortgage and interest since this is a debt payment on a capital item.

Estimate the capitalization rate (aka cap rate), which is the rate of return, or yield, that other investors of property are getting in the local market.

COMPARABLE METHOD

This is the method most are familiar with as it is the accepted method for valuing residential real estate. Typically, this method involves selecting properties with similar characteristics in the same market area that have recently sold. Once those properties are found they are compared to the property in question and a professional appraiser will deduct value from the subject property for comparative deficiencies and increase value for advantages. Typically, this method is required if the investor is seeking conventional financing. For comparable information, property brokers, dealers and estate agents are contacted to ascertain the asking and selling prices for property of the nature in the immediate neighborhood and adjoining areas. Neighboring properties, which have been recently sold or purchased, are investigated to ascertain a reasonable selling price.

DEPRECIATED REPLACEMENT COST (DRC)

A cost approach is a real estate valuation method that surmises that the price someone should pay for a piece of property should not exceed what someone would have to pay to build an equivalent building. In cost approach pricing, the market price for the property is equivalent to the cost of land plus cost of construction, less depreciation. It is often most accurate for fair value when the property is new. Generally, the cost approach considers what the land, devoid of any structures, would cost, then adds the cost of building the structures, then depreciation is subtracted. The cost approach is most often used for public buildings, such as schools and mosques, because it is difficult to find recently sold comparable properties in the local market, and public buildings do not earn income, so the income approach cannot be used, either. A property that already has improvements will usually contribute a certain amount of value to the site, but improvements can also lower property value if the site's potential buyers wish to use the property for another use that would entail removing some of the improvements to the current site. The cost approach is best used when improvements are new and there is adequate pricing information to value the property components. The cost approach may be less desirable if there are no recent sales of vacant land for which to compare, since the major method of valuing vacant lands is to use the sales comparison approach, or when construction costs are not readily available. The cost approach method includes:

- Estimate what the subject property would be worth.
- Estimate the current cost of building the structures, then add that value to the value of the vacant land.
- Estimate the amount of accrued depreciation of the subject property, then subtract it from the total to arrive at the property's worth.

4.1 Comparable Method

This method aims to collect data and information on actual sales and / or current offers of similar properties within the surrounding market, and then make the necessary adjustments to these comparisons in terms of area, location, shape, quality, content, and others. Below is a summary of the valuation process using the comparable method and the amendments made to the available comparisons

Characteristics of Samples							
Feature	Subject Property	Sample 1		Sample 2		Sample 3	
Quoting	-----	Offering		Offering		Offering	
City	Jeddah	Jeddah		Jeddah		Jeddah	
Sale Price	-----	SAR 23,124,800		SAR 21,450,000		SAR 19,700,000	
Data Source	Client	Market Survey		Market Survey		Market Survey	
Area Size	3,020.18	4,768.00		3,720.00		4,330.00	
SAR / Sqm	-----	SAR 4,850		SAR 5,766		SAR 4,550	
Market Conditions Adjustment Analysis							
	Subject Property	Sample 1		Sample 2		Sample 3	
SAR/ Sqm before Adj.	-----	SAR 4,850.0		SAR 5,766.1		SAR 4,549.7	
Mortgage	-----	Cash	0.00%	Cash	0.00%	Cash	0.00%
Market Conditions	-----	-----	0.00%	-----	0.00%	-----	0.00%
Total Adjustments Ratio			0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Total Adjustment Amount			SAR 0.00		SAR 0.00		SAR 0.00
Net After Adjustment			SAR 4,850.00		SAR 5,766.13		SAR 4,549.65
Location Adjustment Analysis							
	Subject Property	Sample 1		Sample 2		Sample 3	
Area Size	3,020.18	4,768.00	0.00%	3,720.00	0.00%	4,330.00	0.00%
Location Desirability	Average	Average	0.00%	Average	0.00%	Average	0.00%
Accessibility	Average	Average	0.00%	Average	0.00%	Average	0.00%
Main Street Width (m)	25	25	0.00%	15	2.50%	25	0.00%
Sides Open	1	2	0.00%	2	0.00%	2	0.00%
Land Shape	Regular	Regular	0.00%	Regular	0.00%	Regular	0.00%
Close to main street	Yes	Yes	0.00%	Yes	0.00%	Yes	0.00%
Total Adjustments Ratio			0.00%		2.50%		0.00%
Total Adjustment Amount			SAR 0.0		SAR 144.2		SAR 0.0
Net After Adjustment			SAR 4,850.0		SAR 5,910.3		SAR 4,549.7
Weighted Mean			15%		15%		70%
			SAR 727.50		SAR 886.54		SAR 3,184.76
SAR / Sqm	SAR 4,799						
Rounded Value	SAR 4,800						

Property Value	Sensitivity Analysis					
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%
SAR 14,500,000	Land Area	3,020	3,020	3,020	3,020	3,020
	SAR / Sqm	SAR 4,320.0	SAR 4,560.0	SAR 4,800.0	SAR 5,040.0	SAR 5,280.0
	Property Value	SAR 13,047,178	SAR 13,772,021	SAR 14,496,864	SAR 15,221,707	SAR 15,946,550

Based on the market samples obtained with the assistance of some real estate experts in the region and the inspection made by our team, the average price for similar properties falls in the range of 4,600 - 5,000 SAR / Sqm with an average of 4,800 SAR / Sqm. When comparing it with the results of the analysis of comparisons, we found that the property value falls within the same range and is close to the market average values.



4.2 Depreciated Replacement Cost (DRC)

As a first step, the cost of reconstructing the building (the cost of replacement) was estimated, based on the average construction costs of similar properties and at the same level of finishes, services, utilities, and others. The opinion of some engineering experts was used in this regard. The following table shows the expected replacement costs for such property.

	Min Cost (SAR / Sqm)	Max Cost (SAR / Sqm)	Average Cost
Concrete Cost	SAR 1,100	SAR 1,300	SAR 1,200
MEP	SAR 600	SAR 700	SAR 650
Finishing Materials	SAR 800	SAR 900	SAR 850
Site Improvements	SAR 80	SAR 120	SAR 100
Developer Profit	18%	22%	20%

In the following table, we will estimate the direct replacement cost of the property taking into consideration the main components of the building, such as the concrete structure, electromechanical work, finishes, site improvements, etc. Then we will estimate the value of the indirect costs as a percentage of the total direct costs to estimate the total construction costs of the project

Land			
Land Area	SAR / Sqm		Total Value
3,020.18	SAR 4,800		SAR 14,496,864

Building			
	Unit		Total BUA
Upper Floor	Sqm		15,375.00
Total (SQM)	15,375.00		

Development Cost					
Hard Cost - (Upper Floors)					
	Area	SAR / Sqm	Total	Completion Rate	Total Cost
Skeleton and Block	15,375.00	SAR 1,200	SAR 18,450,000	100%	SAR 18,450,000
Electro Mechanic	15,375.00	SAR 650	SAR 9,993,750	100%	SAR 9,993,750
Finishing	15,375.00	SAR 850	SAR 13,068,750	100%	SAR 13,068,750
Site Improvement	3,020.18	SAR 100	SAR 302,018	100%	SAR 302,018
Total			SAR 41,814,518	100%	SAR 41,814,518

Overall Soft Cost					
			Total Hard Cost	Ratio	Soft Cost
Initial Project Pre Cost			SAR 41,814,518	0.10%	SAR 41,815
Design			SAR 41,814,518	1.00%	SAR 418,145
Eng Consultant			SAR 41,814,518	0.50%	SAR 209,073
Management			SAR 41,814,518	5.00%	SAR 2,090,726
Contingency			SAR 41,814,518	5.00%	SAR 2,090,726
TOTAL				11.60%	SAR 4,850,484.09
Total Hard Cost	SAR 41,814,518			BUA	15,375.00
Total Soft Cost	SAR 4,850,484.09			SAR / Sqm	SAR 3,035
Total Construction Cost	SAR 46,665,002.09			Overall Completion	100.0%

After knowing the total construction costs at a rate of 3,035 SAR per square meter, we will estimate the economic life of the property according to the type of construction and its general condition, then apply the depreciation rates based on the actual age of the property. The developer's profitability will be added to the property's value after depreciation to reflect the estimated fair value of the building.

DEVELOPMENT VALUE			
Total Dev Cost	SAR 46,665,002	Annual Dep Rate	3.3%
Total Completion Rate	100.00%	Actual Age	12
Developer Profit Rate	20.0%	Total Dep Rate	40.00%
Dev. Profit Amount	SAR 9,333,000	Add Appr Rate	0.00%
Development Value	SAR 37,332,002	Net Dep Rate	40.00%
Economic Age	30	Cost After Depreciation	SAR 27,999,001

In order to determine the full value of the property, the construction costs will be added to the fair value of the land as follows:

Total Dev. Value	Land Value	Total Property Value	Rounded Value
SAR 37,332,002	SAR 14,496,864	SAR 51,828,866	SAR 51,830,000

4.3 Income Approach- Leasing Contract

The client informed us that the annual lease of report is 7,500,000 SAR for 25 years where an increase of 5% will be added each 5 years.

Market Capitalization Rate Analysis

Based on recent transactions of real estate properties and funds, the average capitalization rate of acquiring such property falls in the range of 7% to 8%. This average is mainly driven by several factors such as the quality of the building, finishing materials, the general location, ease of access, actual age of the property, size of the project, and the extent of income stability in it. In addition to the above, the capitalization rates are also affected directly by the supply and demand rates for the same type of real estate.

The Capitalization Rate Used for the Valuation

The capitalization rate was derived by extracting from the market, where we found that the minimum is 8% and the maximum is 7%. A capitalization rate of 7% was assumed and is considered a reasonable percentage after taking into account the components of the property, and it represents the return expected to be achieved by the property at the end of the period, which will be applied later. The net operating income of the property

Project	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Sale Price	86,455,000	93,349,500	104,500,000
Revenue	6,484,125	7,467,960	7,315,000
Cap Rate	7.50%	8.00%	7.00%
Average Cap Rate	7.50%		

Based on the above, the value of the property using the income capitalization method is as follows:

Revenues					
	Quantity		Revenues		
Unit Type	Total GLA	No of Units	SAR / Sqm	SAR / Unit	Total Revenues
Educational Facility	The subject property is Fully leased to 1 tenant				SAR 7,500,000
				Total Revenues	SAR 7,500,000
Expenses					
Unit Type	Management	Utilities	Maintenance	Others	Total Expenses
Educational Facility	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
				Total Expenses	0.00%
Net Operating Income					
Unit Type	Total Revenues		Total Expenses		NOI
Educational Facility	SAR 7,500,000		0.00%		SAR 7,500,000
				Total	SAR 7,500,000
Total Property Revenues					SAR 7,500,000
Total Property Expenses					SAR 0
Net Operating Income					SAR 7,500,000.00
Net Operating Income	Cap Rate		Property Value		Rounded Value
SAR 7,500,000.00	7.5%		100,000,000.00		SAR 100,000,000.00

4.4 Subject Property Value in Different Approaches

Methodology	Subject of Valuation	Value in Numbers	Value in Letters
Income Approach	Property	SAR 100,000,000	One Hundred Million Saudi Riyals
DRC Approach	Land + Building	SAR 51,830,000	Fifty-One Million Eight Hundred Thirty Thousand Saudi Riyals

4.5 Subject Property Value

We are of an opinion that the total fair value of the subject property taking into consideration the purpose of valuation by using the Income Approach is:

Property Value: 100,000,000 SAR
One Hundred Million Saudi Riyals.

4.6 Notes

We trust that this report and valuation fulfills the requirements of your instruction. The contents, formats, methodology and criteria outlined in this report are pending copyright. This report is compiled based on the information received to the best of our belief, knowledge and understanding. The information revealed in this report is strictly confidential and issued for the consideration of the client. The valuer's approval is required in writing to reproduce this report either electronically or otherwise and for further onward distribution, hence no part of this report may be copied without prior consent.

4.7 Accredited Valuers

Essam M. Al Husaini
 President



Fellow Member of (RE Valuation)
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Nabeel M. Al Husaini
 CEO



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Nasser A. Al Arifi
 Valuer



Member of (RE Valuation)
 License No. 1210002399



Membership- RE Branch
 Membership No.:
 11000171



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5.1 Title deed and Construction Permit

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ



تاريخ الصك: ١٤٤٣/٤/٢٣ هـ
رقم الصك: ٩٩٣٧٨٨٠٠٢٧٦٦



الجمهورية العربية السورية
وزارة العدل
[٢٧٧]

صك

الحمد لله وحده والصلاة والسلام على من لا نبي بعده، وبعد: فإن قطعة الأرض رقم 259 من المخطط رقم 416 / ج / س الواقع في حي الريان بمدينة جدة . وحدودها وأطوالها : شمالا: قطعة رقم 262 بطول 60 ستون متر جنوبا: قطعة رقم 256 بطول 60 ستون متر شرقا: قطعة رقم 257 و 258 و بطول 55.02 خمسة و خمسون متر و اثنين سنتيمتر غربا: شارع عرض 25م بطول 50.62 خمسون متر و اثنين و ستون سنتيمتر ومساحتها 3020.18 ثلاثة آلاف و عشرون متر مربعا و ثمانية عشر سنتيمتراً موبعاً المملوكة ل شركة أول الملقا العقارية بموجب سجل تجاري رقم 1010893802 بموجب الصك الصادر من الموثقين بجدة 4 برقم 793934000147 في 17 / 11 / 1442 قد تم رهنها وما أقيم أو سيقام عليها من بناء لصالح / شركة الراجحي للتطوير المحدودة بموجب سجل تجاري رقم 1010158249 ضمانا للوفاء ب 420000000 فقط أربعمائة وعشرون مليون ريال سعودي لا غير، سبب الرهن : ضمان وفاء للمديونية وفق لشروط عقد الرهن على أن يتم سداد المديونية على 10 أقساط نصف سنوية بقيمة كل قسط 42000000 اثنان واربعون مليون ريال اعتبارا من تاريخ 2019-6-30م وفي حالة عدم السداد فللمرتهن بيع العقار بالقيمة التي تنتهي عندها الرغبات ، واستيفاء ما في ذمة الراهن من مبلغ وما نقص يرجع فيه عليه بعد اكمال مايلزم شرعاً . وعليه جرى التصديق تحريراً في 1443 / 04 / 23 لاعتماده ، وصلى الله على نبينا محمد وآله وصحبه وسلم.

صدرت هذه الوثيقة من وزارة العدل ، ويجب التحقق من بياناتها وسرياتها عبر الخدمات الإلكترونية لوزارة العدل

(هذا النموذج مخصص للاستخدام بالعملي الذي يوضح وتسهيل)

نموذج رقم (١٢ - ١٠٠)

سجله مطابع الحكومة - ٢٩٣١٩

صفحة رقم 1 من 1



[illegible]

5.2 Real Estate Valuation License





وزارة التجارة والاستثمار
Ministry of Commerce and Investment

ترخيص مزاولة مهنة لفرع تقييم العقارات

المقر الرئيسي: الرياض

فئة العضوية: أساسي

رقم الترخيص 1210000474 تاريخ إصداره 1437/8/1 هـ تاريخ انتهائه 1447/8/24 هـ

يرخص **عصام محمد عبدالله الحسيني** (سعودي الجنسية) سجل مدني رقم 1044275947 لمزاولة المهنة

وقد منح هذا الترخيص بعد أن استوفى شروط القيد الواردة في المادة الخامسة من نظام المقيمين المعتمدين الصادر بالمرسوم الملكي رقم (م/43) وتاريخ 1433/07/9 هـ بموجب قرار لجنة قيد المقيمين رقم (95/ق/42) وتاريخ 1442/5/22 هـ

رئيس لجنة قيد المقيمين



أ. وليد بن عبدالله الرويشد

ختم الوزارة



وزارة التجارة والاستثمار
Ministry of Commerce and Investment
إدارة المهن الاستشارية





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